signed the caucus call.
Representative Dockery seemed to voice the general feeling of democrats when he said. "It is always darkest just before dawn. This seems to be the darkest hour for tariff reform, but we hope it is the hour Deal With Louisiana Senators.

The rumor gained currency about the Senate early in the day that the Louisiana Serators had been brought into line sufficiently to insure their standing with the body of the democrats in the Senate in the present crisis. The report cannot be verified, but if it proves true it will bein to save the bill from the fate which it has been thought possible to mete out to it if it could be gotten back to the Senate. The rumor also goes so far as to say that the Louisiana men have been promised that there should be a provision in the bill for the continuation of the bounty in some shape for the present year.

Consulting the Steering Committee. Speaker Crisp was in the room of the Ser ate committee on appropriations a few moments before the motion was made to go into executive session. He saw some members of the senatorial steering committee. The visit of the Speaker is regarded as

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE.

A Strong Desire for Some Sort of Tariff Legislation.

Secretary Carlicle spent two hours in cor ference with the President at the White House this morning, considering the best means of untangling the tariff knot and insuring the passage of remedial tariff legislation at the present session of Congress. Secretary Gresham, who is taking an active interest in bringing about an agreement on the lines of the President's suggestions to Representative Wilson, was present during a good part of the conference. Commissioner Morrison, who is also deeply interested in tariff reforms, but who is not en rapport at the White House just at present, had a consultation with Secretary Gresham and Secretary Carlisle at flifferent times during the morning. It is said that the entire strength of ex-

about an agreement on the bill on the most harmonicus lines possible, rather than that Congress should adjourn without action. Treasury officials predict, with an air of confidence, that Congress will not be permitted to adjourn without some kind of tariff legislation.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE. The Question of a Site Being Debated in the House.

When the House resumed consideration of the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill today, some time was consumed in the discussion of the proposed grant of public lands to western states for irrigation purposes, after which the item relating to the government printing office was taken up. It was 2:30 o'clock before the item was reached. The Senate amendment was read directing the purchase of the Mahone site at 2 cost of \$250,000, and then Mr. Sayers asked unanimous consent to limit debate to 4:30 o'clock, which was agreed to.

Mr. Wise of Virginia then moved to agree

ar. Wise of Virginia then moved to agree to the Mahone site, as proposed by the Sen-ate amendment, and proceeded to make a speech in favor of it. He spoke of the ne-cessity for immediate action upon the selection of a site, arising from the dangerous condition of the present building, and said the Senate amendment furnishes an opporunity to come to an agreement. Mr. Wise explained the advantages claim-

ed for the Mahone site, and said it was the best and most available for the purpose of The Mall Site Proposed as a Substitute.

Mr. Bretz of Indiana offered as a substitute for the Mahone site the bill recently reported by the committee on public buildings and grounds, providing for the erection of a building on the mall, facing B street between 6th and 7th streets. He advocated the adoption of the substitute and recalled the action of the House last May directing the selection of a site on public reservation.

QUARRELING WITH QUARANTINE. Southern Fruit Men Protest Against

Alleged Discrimination.

Ser ators Blanchard and Caffery of Lousiar a, accompanied by Dr. Oliphant, presdeat of the Louisiana state board of health; Representative Meyer, Col. Hill and Mr. Oxnard of New Orleans, called on Secretary Carlisle today and protested against the enforcement of the national quarantine regutions, which require vessels from infected ports arriving at ports south of Maryland to emain at quarantine five days after disinfection. The state regulations require three days' detention, and it is contended that this difference of two days gives shippers of truit to northern ports an unfair advantage.
As an illustration, it is stated that if two truit-laden vessels leave Havana at the same time, one bound for New York and the other for New Orleans, the New York ressel, after being out five days, is permit-ted to enter harbor without any detention whatever, while the New Orleans vessel having been two days at sea, is comelled to lie five days at quarantine. s regarded as a discrimination, and an ef-fort is making to have the regulations so modified as to make them uniform at all ports. The Secretary took the question un-der consideration, and will today confer with Dr. Wyman of the marine hospital

Interfor Department Changes.

The following changes have occurred in the Department of the Interior; Secretary's office. - Promotion - Hiram Buckingham of Connecticut, clerk at \$1,600 to clerk at \$1,800, for duty as custodian, as

provided by act of Congress approved July 31, 1804. General land office.-Promotions-Anthony F. Rice of New York, clerk at \$1,400 to clerk at \$1,000; Albert D. Simms of the

District of Columbia, clerk at \$1,200 to clerk at \$1,400, office,-Promotions-Henry M. Pension office.—Promotions—Henry M. Haynes of Texas, clerk at \$1,600 to medical

examiner at. \$1,800; Edwin H. Brown of Parish of Lilinois, clerk at \$1,000; Edwill H. Brown of Illinois, clerk at \$1,200; James W. Tuthili of liwa, clerk at \$1,000 to clerk at \$1,000; James P. Hanna of Indiana, and George J. Hesselman of Illinois, clerks at \$1,000 from copyists at \$300. Resignation
-William J. Henderson of Mississippi, copy-

Geological survey.—Resignation—Miss May Patent office.-Appointments-Andrew R. Benson of Illinois, Eugene G. Mason of New York, Arthur A. Buck of Massachusetts, Harry C. Armstrong of Massachusetts, Frank Keifer of Indiana, Theodore T. Dor-man of New Jersey, John F. Bartlett of Massachusetts, Elmer S. Farwell of Illinois Michael J. Lyden of Massachusetts, Edwin S. Johonnott, ir., of Illinois, Nathan Heard of Massachusetts and Herbert Lewis of Massachusetts, fourth assistant examin-

How to Get Information.

ers. at \$1,200.

As though there was not enough red tape in the Treasury Department already, Secretary Carlisle has felt called upon to close the avenues of information still tighter, by the issue of the following circular:

"Hereafter, except as otherwise provided law, when Congress or any committee the Senate or House or Representatives or any officer of the government of the United States, or any state or municipality, or any person, shall request information of my kind or character of the department. copies of its record or files, or the attendance of any officer, clerk, or employe of the enartment for the purpose of explaining or ng information upon any matter pending fore Congress, or any committee thereof before the department, such request shall immediately submitted to the recretary r the assistant secretary having charge of e matter to which the inquiry or informaon relates, who will determine and issue he necessary instructions in the premises, lithout which action shall not be taken in

Large Attendance at the Amateur Regatta.

Interest in the Race of the Senior Fours.

RESULTS OF THIS MORNING

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 11.-The interest in the annual meeting of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen was increased today, and the Saturday excursion trains brought many more spectators to the lake. The crews were out early rowing over the course, and the Saratogians arrived earlier and in greater numbers than on yesterday. The betting was much livelier than on the previous day, the favorites being backed much more heartily. One of the races on which considerable money was placed was the senior singles. Hawkins of Troy, who won so easily yesterday from Russell, the Canadian, was backed by the Saratoga sporting contingent, while the westerners took Fred Koenig of the St. Louis club. The Toronto boys pluckily backed their champions, Russell and Thomp-

A race which contained some first-class teams was the senior double scalls. The showing was as good as in any doubles ever rowed at the regatta. Monahan and his partner. Bowen, had won sev-eral times, and the Donaghues were said to be in good form and out to win, while the Varunas' famous double, Freeth and Bulger, were certain to give their opponents a very lively hustle. The closing race of the regatta, the senior eight-oared shells, had but two entries, the Triton Boat Club and the Laureates of Troy. There was little or no betting on this race, for the inability to row shown by the Laureates' junior eight-oared crew yester-day shook the faith of their stanchest fol-

lowers. The senior four-oared race was looked the Argonauts of Toronto met the famous four of the New York Athletic Club. The atter crew carried everything before them this summer, but had not yet met the Teronto four. The races of today included the junior four, which was postponed from yesterday; the junior singles, the final heat senior singles, the senior doubles, the senior four-oared shells and the senior eight-

oared shells.

The results were as follows:
First race, senior singles, final—Fred.
Koenig, St. Louis, first; Fred. Hawkins,
Troy, second; R. H. Russell, Toronto, third.
Time, 9.47 1-4.

Time, 9.47 1-4.

Second race, senior doubles—Vesper Boat
Club, Philadelphia, first; Beaverwyck, Albany, second. Time, 9.03 1-2.

Third race, junior singles—Jos. McGuire,
Cambridgeport, Mass., first; H. Muray,
Toronto, second. Time, 10.03 1-2. Fourth race, Junior four-oared shells-Ex-celsior Boat Club, Paterson, N. J., first; Nautilus Boat Club, Brooklyn, broke an oar in turning stake boat. Time, 9.32. Fifth race, senior four-oared shells—Argo-raut Boat Club first, Minnesotas of St. Paul second, New York Athletic Club third. Time, 8.18. Sixth race, senior eights—Tritons of Newark, first; Laureates, Troy, second.

Time, 7.36 1-2. Election of Officers. At the meeting of the members of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen today the following officers were re-elected today the following officers were re-elected for the ensuing year: President, Henry Whiting Garfield, Albany, N. Y.; vice pres-ident, Charles Catlin, Chicago; treasurer, Harry E. Hinch Bachman, Philadelphia; secretary, Fred Fortmeyer, New York city.

PRES. REINHART'S RESIGNATION.

It is Accepted by the Directors of the Atchison.

NEW YORK, August 11 .-- At a meeting of the directors of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road today the resignation of Mr. Reinhart, as president and director, was accepted, to take effect September 1, or at such an earlier date as he may have com-pleted the details of business requiring his attention. Upon Mr. Reinhart's retirement First Vice President D. D. Robinson is authorized and directed to perform the duties f president until a president is elected. D. H. Cheney, jr., of Boston, representing a large bond and stock interest in the system, was elected a director and member of the executive and finance committee to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Robert

UNION OF ENGLISH METHODISTS. Possible Result of a Conference in Switzerland.

GRINDELWALD, Switzerland, August 11. -It is probable that a departure in favor of the reunion of all the Methodist bodies in Great Britain will be the result of the conference in session here under the auspices of H. S. Lunn, M. D., editor of the Review of Reviews, and head of the Chautauqua work in Europe. The question of remnion was discussed in the conference, the Rev. participating.

Later, at a private meeting of the presidents of the conference, the Rev. Hugh Price Hughes said that Rev. J. S. Pope, D. D., president of the Wesleyan Methodist conference of last year, and now about to leave for Canada to preside in the confer-ence there, was in sympathy with the views of the meeting.

ATTACKING THE PULLMAN CO.

Illinois' Attorney General Asks for the Forfeiture of its Charter.

CHICAGO, Acgust 11 .- The Pullman Company's charter is apparently in peril. The attorney general of Illinois at noon today filed a petition asking that the charter be declared void, on the ground that its pro-

visions had been violated.

The petition sets forth that the charter as granted allowed the company to purchase, control and coavey such property as was necessary to the successful preservation of their business. The corporation has far exceeded its privileges, the document declares. owning a vast amount of property in the town of Pullman and vicinity which is in no wise necessary to the business. The petition declares that the company owns numerous business blocks, residences and factory sites, controlling steck in other c perations and furnishing power to other

manufactures. ZIMMERMAN'S FINE WORK.

The English Quarter-Mile Bicycle Record Broken.

LONDON, August 11 .- At the Hern Hill grounds today Arthur A. Zimmerman, the champion bicyclist, rode against the English quarter-mile record of 31 3-5 seconds. He succeeded in breaking it, doing the distance in 30 4-5 seconds. Schofield and Banker also tried to lower the time for this distance, but could not get under it, their times being 31 4-5 and 32 1-5 seconds,

In the five-mile international race Edwards was first; time, 12:19. Wheeler was second and Louvet third. During the last lap Champion Zimmerman and Vecheyen collided. The latter was thrown from his wheel and seriously hurt. Zimmerman was not injured to any extent.

DISCOVERED IN TIME.

An Attempt to Wreck a B. and O. Passenger Train Near Belleville. MANSFIELD, Ohio, August 11 .- An unsuccessful attempt was made to wreck No. 8, the fast line on the Baltimore and Ohio, near Believille, last night.

An obstruction was placed on the end of a bridge, but was discovered by a farmer. Secretary Herbert's Return.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., August 11.-Secretary Herbert will leave for Washington to night at 6:15, arriving in Washington tomorrow afternas.

LATE NEWS BY WIRE DRIVEN FROM CAMP

(Continued From First Page.)

with a piece of canvas thrown over them. A soldier prodded him gently with a bayonet, and he awoke to a realization of the powers of Virginia. He uttered no word of complaint, however, but merely rubbed his eyes and tumbled out and joined the crowd slowly going ahead. Many of the men were taking a farewell bath in the river and were given sufficient time to finish their ablu-

given sufficient time to finish their ablu-tions, and no haste was observed in forcing others who were shaving and engaged in other necessary occupations in joining the throng of their companions. In a short time the camp was depopulated, with the exception of one man who was left to take care of the two horses belonging to the army and three men who were too sick to be moved. Gen. Anderson sent the hos-pital surgeon of the Virginia troops to attend to the cases of these men and promised

On the Bridge.

The men climbed up the hill to the Aqueduct bridge, and, finding their pathway southward cut off by the determined pickets, went out on the bridge and there they stopped. The Virginia militia could make them go no further, because the authority of the state ceased at the entrance to th to come over into the District because of the vagrancy laws in force on this side of the river. They stood together in groups, filling the footway of the bridge, as well as the roadway, and laughed and gossiped about their experience as if it was the best fun imaginable

Burning the Camp. Then a peculiar thing occurred. Suddenly from one of the huts which had sheltered many of the industrials during the long vigil they had kept shot tongues of flame. Quickly fire sprang forth from another and then another of the rude shelters, and it soon became evident that the Virginia troops were destroying by the torch every vestige of the camp save the shelter occupied by the sick men and the property guardian. What made the scene peculiar was the fact that among all those men on was the fact that among an them the bridge none of them uttered a word of complaint or criticism. The only homes that many of them knew were going up in smoke, and still there was no ejaculation of anger or expression of sorrow. They yelled and cheered as the flames blotted out the humble habitations they had occupied. On



Firing the Camp.

fiddling while Rome burned. It was a motiey gathering on the bridge. The men brought their flags and their insignia of all sorts with them, and behind the folds of many of these emblems the men sheltered themselves from the rays of the sun. There they were at 12 o'clock, looking at the blackened ashes of their old encampment, and evidently settling themselves for steady occupancy of the Aqueluct bridge, and reminding one of two historical objects rolled into one-Mohammed's coffin sus-pended between heaven and earth, and the

tators on the bridge when the militia arrived, but later on the people of Georgetown as well as many persons from the city turned out to get a look at the motley crowd as well as at the dust-covered militiamen. When the Frye followers had left the jurisdiction of the Old Dominion and reached the bridge they were as bad of as ever, so they thought, for, like the soldiers, they were under the impression that the authorities of the national capital would take as bold a stand as that taken by the governor of Virginia. But in this they were mistaken, for not only had the nuthorities not taken any stand in the matter, but there were only the regular policemen on duty and no effort was made to prevent the members of the Frye army from enter-ing Georgetown. With but few exceptions the industrials squatted on the bridge and almost directly over the alegel weak per, but the crack did not widen, so far as is known, nor did the bridge fall.

The bridge was now virtually in posses-

sion of the commonwealers, and the hungry crowd begged right and left, while many of them tried to sell commonweal literature. but in this they did not appear very suc-cessful, for the citizens attracted there as a rule appeared to be almost as bad off nany of the commonwealers so far as the question of money was concerned. The men obstructed the footway as well as the carriageway. As the noon hour approached some women and a few male sympathizers from Georgetown called on the common-wealers and converted the bridge into g soup house. Brekets of coffee and water were furnished, as were sandwiches, bolegna and bread.

Later in the day the Garfield Hospital ambulance arrived at the scene and, three sick men were removed to the hospital for treatment. Two of them—Saulsbury and Gardner—are from San Francisco and the third one-a man named Emminger-is from Terre Haute.

Give Them Free Coipuge.

While the crowd vas on the bridge several of the commonwealers were anxious to make themselves heard, and they discoursed nonsense about the free coinage of gold propriations and their audiences, as a rule, no more about these questions than "Give us free coinage of silver," said one

old man to Police Sergeant Hess, "and al-though I am penniless, I'll send a telegram that will put 3,000 men at work Monday "There, now," said a little woman to the s rgeant.

ergeant. "Why don't you take him at his ord and give him what he wants. Then the poor men would work." "Gen." Vinnette of Se ttle, one of the leaders of the camp, when the militia arrived went off with other members of the commonweal advisory board to see the commonweal advisory board to see the Commissioners, and during his absence the men looked to "Gen." Carroll for advice.

"Gen." Carroll is a little old man, who says he is connected with the old Carroll endly of Maryland, and who says he is a wyer, doctor and mechanic. The old man was comfortably dressed and wore a dilapis brought here with him from the west

"We've done all we expect," he said to a Star reporter, "and we were about ready to return home. We came here on foot, and expected to get home the same way. end and police at the other, but the canopy of heaven is a good enough roof. We are here and we are satisfied with anything."

On the Towpath: The "wealers" remained on the bridge until nearly noon. They were anxious to hear from the advisory board or its representatives, who had been sent to call on the Commissioners, and at just twenty minutes before 12 o'clock the crowd started in the direction of Georgetown. Before reaching this end of the bridge, however, they descended the stairs, which were not at all golden, and soon nearly three hundred of them were marching up the towpath to camp, a short distance above the

the independent Ice Company.

Before the crowd had got fairly started some soup from Georgetown reached the bridge, and one of the first to get in a good supply was "General" Carroll, who carried his allowance with him in a pail to the new "Gen." Carroll soon made his pall of soup

bridge, not far from the big store house of

disappear, and then he returned to direct the movements of the men engaged in moving the cooking utensils and what little among the ruins. The flames had consumamong the runs. The hames had consum-ed some of the blankets and clothing, so it was reported, and some of the curious people on the bridge had more to say against the conduct of the soldiers than did the

A KNOWN QUANTITY. It is the practice of The Star to print on Saturday a sworn statement of its circulation day by day for the preceding week. It would seem selfevident that the advertiser is entitled to this protection, Below will be found the statement for the week just

The average circulation exhibited is believed to be much more than the combined circulation of the other Washington dailies, and fully five times that of its afternoon contemporary.

Circulation of The "Evening Star." SATURDAY, August 4, 1894......37,674 MONDAY, August 6, 1894.....31,862 WEDNESDAY, August 8, 189431,953 THURSDAY, August 9, 1894......31,532 FRIDAY, August 10, 189431,558

I solemnly swear that the above statement repesents only the number of copies of THE EVEN-ING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday, August 10, 1994-that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers, and that none of the copies so counted were returned to or remain in

J. WHIT. HERRON, Cashier Evening Star Newspaper Co. Subscribed and sworn to before me eleventh day of August, A. D. 1894.

CHAS. W. DARR.

Notary Public, D. C.

commonwealers themselves. Twenty men were engaged in this work, and when the commonwealers had all left the bridge the crowd soon dispersd.
"Gen." Carroll, who brought up the rear,

was the happiest man in the party.

"We are going to be sent away at last,"
he told a reporter. "We would have left
here not later than Monday and saved the
soldiers all their trouble, but we couldn't move in so short a while. "You know," he added, "an army can't move everything at a moment's notice." He said he was glad the army had been moved, for now something will have to be done. There were about sixty objectionable. men in the crowd, he added, who would not leave, and who had refused to accept transportation. Now they will either have to leave or take the consequences of remaining here.

Another Army.

This afternoon Lieut. Swindells telephonel word to police headquarters that he had received information of the movement of another alleged industrial army, According to his information there are 350 members of this new army on their way here down the canal towpath.

Frank Hume, who has snown so much interest in the commonwealers, is looking after the men driven from Virginia today, and it is reported will endeavor to secure quarters for them where they can remain until transportation for them can be ar-The militia will probably be withdrawn

The Commissioners' Action.

All day long the District Commissioners have been working at the problem of what to do with the industrial army which was routed out of Rossiyn this morning. They have realized from the first that the prob lem was not one easy of solution. The principal question involved was to secure some location where the members of the between the devil and the deep blue sea.

Bridge Visitors.

Bridge Visitors. manently out of the city.

The Commissioners have had a number of conferences in reference to the matter today, and have viewed the problem from every standpoint. They realize that the matter is orgent, but at the same time, as Commissioner Ress, expressed it to a Star reporter, "these men are human beings and must be treated with some sort of con-aderation. Its would be inhuman to keep them out for any length of time witho ood or shelter, and it was, of of the question to think of leaving then indefinitely on the bridge."

The Commissioners tookel about for some place to store the commonwealers over Sunday. They finally hit upon the old Naval Observatory grounds, which is wooded and supplied with running water of the Navy for permission to use the rate hour no answer had been received to their request.

Camp Grounds Scenred.

Acting Secretary McAdoo of the Navy Department this afternoon authorized the superintendent of police to encamp the Frye men on the old-observatory grounds. This permission extends only till Tuesday and the superintendent of police required to furnish a sufficient guard of polies, to get in conjunction with a marine guard, for the protection of government

A PRESIDENTIAL VETO.

Mr. Cleveland Fails to Approve the

Bill to Retire Paymaster York. The Vice President laid before the Senate message from the President returning without his signature the Senate bill for the promotion and retirement of Louis A. York, late an assistant paymaster in the

The President reviews the history of the claim upon which the bill is founded. In 1886 York was a past assistant paymaster in the navy, and sought to secure proand silver, the tariff and congressional ap- motion to the grade of paymaster, appearing before a naval board. The President says the investigation of the board was conducted fairly, and that the decision reached was that the candidate had neither the professional knowledge of the duties of the rank to which he aspired or moral fitness for it. When given an opportunity refute the evidence upon which this nding was based he failed to produce any dinding was based he latted to produce any testimony of other witnesses and contented nimself with making a statement of his own. The finding of the board was ap-proved by the President, and York was ismissed from the navy, with one year's

The President here quotes the bill which provides that the action of the examining board be set aside and declared null and void and authorizes the President to appoint the benediciary to the office to which he would have been promoted but for this action and to retife him in that grade.

The President says the authority attempted by the bill to be given to the President thus make an appointment to the office of paymaster in the navy without the in-terposition of the Senate appears to be in-admissible under the Constitution. He also calls attention to and takes exception to the provision of the bill for the immediate retirement of York, notwithstanding his age is only forty-seven years. He says there is no suggestion that York is physi-cally incapacitated. He therefore thinks that if York is to be restored he should

be put on the active list.

Concluding, he says: "A careful investigation of the facts submitted to the examining board, and a consideration of all the statements made on behalf of the beneficiary, utterly failing, in my opinion, to justify the impeachment of the findings and determination of the board, I have no doubt malicious feeling growing out of the domestic difficulties entered into the affair and gave impetus to the search after inculpating evidence; but facts were neverheless established beyond any reasonabl doubt which abundantly uphold the findon motion of Mr. Butler, the bill and the

accompanying message were referred to the committee on naval affairs. CAPITOL TOPICS.

Senator Butler Returns.

Senator Butier of South Carolina was on the floor of the Senate for the first time in

PHELPS WOMEN TESTIFY FINANCE AND TRADE VEGETABLES ARE SCARCE

Witness

C. Parsons on June 29,

COVINGTON, Va., August 11.-The tes-

imony attacking Goodman's moral conduct

as a conductor on the Chesapeake and Ohio

railroad was continued this morning, the

fourth day of the trial of T. A. Goodman

for killing Col. H. C. Parsons on June 29.

Goodman and his wife occupied their ac-

customed seats just in the rear of their

Indignant Citizens.

of the fourth precinct. They requested the

Commissioners to suspend action and judg-

charges which would put a different phase upon the situation. The delegation was composed of W. A. Richards, Henry Storter, James Martin, John Quinn and David

Resignation Accepted.

The resignation of Randolph L. Eliot as

ecommissioner of pharmacy has been ac-

cepted, and Robert L. Lynch has been ap-

pointed to that position, to take effect Au

Allotting Poor Fund.

of Col. Tracy, superintendent of charitie

The Commissioners, upon recommendation

today ordered the following allotment of the

District poor fund, appropriated by the Dis-

Assessment Bill.

The Commissioners have forwarded to the

President, with favorable executive action,

H. R. bill 6115, "To provide an immediate

revision and equalization of real estate

provide an assessment of real estate in said District in 1806, and every third year there-

Building Permits.

The building permits issued today were as

Henry A. Brawner, 15 brick dwellings at

Nos. 3401 to 3423 R street, and 1705 to 1700

3 th street n.rthwest, to cost \$15,000. O. W. Butler, one frame dwelling on

Plambing Regulations.

The Cemmissioners today ordered that

section is of the plumbing regulations of

the District of Columbia be amended by

riding after the word "specified" the

words "or of cast-iron pipe, coated as pre-scribed for water mains."

Today's Orders.

The Commissioners today issued the fol-

owing orders: That Daniel Tindall be ap-

pointed clerk at the Washington Asylum,

with compensation at the rate of \$720 per

annum. That George Martin be appointed

clerk at the Washington Asylum, with

compensation at the rate of \$600 per an-

num. That John H. Thurston be appointed verseer at the Washington Asylum, vice

Martin, appointed with compensation at

Today's Orders.

The Commissioners today issued the fol-

That a sewer in Washington street, Ana-

be added to the provisional schedule of

sewers to be built during the fiscal year

1896, provided Congress appropriates funds

That permission be granted the Chesa-

pose of building a manhole on D street be-

erthwest six feet north of its present lo-

That a permit be granted to Chesapeake

and Potomac Telephone Company to make

manhole on E street between 12th and 13th

DISTRICT IN CONGRESS.

The House today, on motion of Mr. Heard,

agreed to the Senate amendments to the

Washington, Alexandria and Mount Ver-

non railway bill. These amendments have

been published in full in The Star. The bill now goes to the President for his sig-

Went Over Until Monday.

Senator Palmer today reported from the

the Arlington reservation to the Mount

Vernon Railway Company. He asked for

manimous consent to the bill immediately.

New Buildings at St. Elizabeth.

Proposals will be opened at 2 p.m. Mon-

day at the Department of the Interior for

the erection of the epileptic hospital buildings at St. Elizabeth.

. The Mt. Vernon Railway Rill

sufficient, or under the permit system.

make the necessary excavation for the

estia, between Adams and Taylor streets,

the rate of \$600 per annua.

tween 7th and 8th streets.

for current repairs to country

lowing orders:

nature.

was purely verbal.

Maple avenue, Anacostia, to cost \$3,000.

after, and for other purposes."

values in the District of Columbia; also to

gust 11, 1894.

Home, \$500.

trict appropriation bill:

special Dispatch to The Evening Star,

past two days with fortitude.

and the defense simply said:

writing.

Remarkable Exhibition of Ignorance by Business in Wall Street Has Been of the Narrowest Kind.

Resumption of the Trial of Capt. T. A, Goodman for Killing Col. H. AWAITING ACTION ON THE TARIFF BILL

> Increase in Loans Shown by the Bank Statement.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

counsel. Mrs. Goodman, a most dignified NEW YORK, August 11.-London prices lady, has borne the trying ordeal of the came fractionally lower than our close The crop report, as published in our morn-Mr. J. A. Staples, the husband of the woing papers, so far has had little effect. The man who testified yesterday that Goodman had made a proposition to her to elope with him, was recalled and questioned as to his marriage, it being the intention of the prosbusiness of the day has simply been of the narrowest kind, and there has been more 'evening up' of contracts than anything ecution to show that Mrs. Staples had no illegitimate children. They established this else. The room traders are all waiting for some final action to be taken at Washingnd the defense simply said: "Stand aside." The next witness was Mrs. Kate Peggins, ton. Should a tariff bill be passed the opinion is that quite a spurt will follow all nee Phelps, who has figured most promi-pently in the case as the "objectionable through the list, as there is a large short woman," whom Goodman said in a letter he threatened to put off the train for not interest outstanding in all the Granger stocks, but after that is covered unless having her fare. She denied this, saying that she always paid her fare. She admitsome new buying power should appear the market will start for a lower level again. ted that she had written one letter to Capt. Goodman for Mrs. Staples. She did not re-The activity and advance in R. T. securicall, however, its contents. She received one note from Goodman. When she started ties is attracting attention. The securities of the Southern Co., when issued, sold toto tell its contents she was interrupted by day 81 1-2 for the 5 per cent bonds; preopposing counsel, who objected. Question ferred stock, 38; common stock, no sales; quoted, 12a12 1-2. It looks as though there finally withdrawn and witness admitted that she did not know Goodman's handwould be good speculation in this line. Sugar acted on the same lines as yester The next witness was Carrie Phelps, a day, and was comparatively neglected.

young sister of Mrs. Peggins, who made the grandest exhibition of ignorance that has yet been displayed. She did not know overing of shorts by room traders, owing to the possibility that the House might ac her age, did not know what year and month it was and did not know winter from summer cept the Senate bill over the heads of the conferees, thus increasing the tax to \$1.10 Crurap's examination of witness as against \$1 in House bill. caused great merriment and came very near being the cause of clearing the court room. The bank statement is as follows: Reserve decrease, \$2,050,850; loans increase, \$2,318,200; specie decrease, \$2,686,500; deposits decrease, \$19,400; circulation decrease, \$27,200. Both of the witnesses admitted that the prisoner had always treated them cour-The next witness was Mrs.Signora Phelps.

The decrease in reserve reflects the gold shipmerts of early last week, and the enthe mother of all the young Phelpses. She did not seem much better informed about couraging feature is the large increase in loans. The exchange market has undergone the four seasons than her daughter, and when Mr. Cramp asked her what kind of quite a change during the current week. It clothing she had on she replied that she had on "the best she could afford." was dull and grew gradually weaker, with a light demand and some offerings of bills At the conclusion of the witness' testiagainst cotton futures and a few purchases mony (12:30 p.m.) a recess was taken until of stocks for arbitrage accounts. There were a few commercial bills from the south The trial will probably continue far into and west, but there were quickly absorbed. Later in the week the effect of the offerings of bills against purchases of stocks for European account was felt, and the demand not being stimulated by the fractionally lower figures for actual business, the mar-DISTRICT GOVERNMENT. A delegation of indignant citizens from ket became weak, and some of the leading

Distillers was more active and stronger or

houses reduced their posted rates. South Washington called upon the Commis-Although the market has grown weak, there seems to be little disposition on the part of holders of cotton futures to reduce sieners this morning to protest against the notoriety given that section by Sergt. Daley heir prices, and consequently dealings in them are somewhat limited. At the time, the scarcity of commercial causes them to be firmly held. ment of the officers implicated in the recent raid of the Fat Men's Club until they had an opportunity of presenting facts and

The only gold taken for export and ship-ped to Europe tris week is the lot of \$500, 000 drawn from the subtreasury on Monday last and held in bank since then. When the gold was ordered, sight sterling sold at 488 1-4. Today 487 1-2 is the best bid. The week closes with a less hopeful feeling in the street than on last Saturday, owing to the western drouth and the uncertainty of the situation at Washington

Premium on Gold. LONDON, August 11 .- Gold at Bueno

Ayres today is quoted at 262. ROME, August 11.-Gold is quoted today at 111 lire per 100 francs. MADRID, August 11.-Gold is quoted

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

For the physicians to the poor, \$7,200; for The following are the opening, the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as remedicine and printing prescriptions for the physicians to the poor, \$3,700; for the Homeopathic Dispensary, \$500; the Eastern Dispensary, \$500; the Women's Dispensary, \$500; the Hope and Help Mission, \$500; the ported by Corson & Macartney, meml bildren's Aid Society, \$500; Aged Women's

New York stock excl	Correspondents			
Messrs. Moore & Sch	ley, N	io. 80	Broad	iway
Stocks.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
American Sugar	106%	106%	105%	1048
American Sugar, pfd				****
American Tobacco	92	99	90%	903
American Cotton Oil				****
Atchisen	4%	476	434	43
Canada Southern	50	50	50	50
Canada Pacific				50
Chesapeake and Ohio	1814	181	1834	101
C. C. C. and St. L	36%	26%	364	183
Chicago, B. and Q	71%	71%	70%	369
Chic. and Northwestern.	1043	043	104	
Chicago Gas	74%	743	7434	104
C.,M. and St. Paul	5936			743
C., M. and St. Paul, pfd.	40.75	11879	59%	593
C. R. I. and Pactne	#0.5r	****	*****	****
	6078	63%	633	60%
Delaware and Hugson	*071		2	****
Denver and Rio Grande.		135%	135%	1353
the and Cattle Beatter	20	3014	30	301
Dis. and Cattle Feeding.		1814	17%	185
General Electric	3836	2834	38%	383
Rupots Central	91	91	90%	904
Lake Shore	130	130	180	* 180
kne	14	- 14%	14	14
Louisvine and Nashvine.	50%	51%	50%	50%
Long Island Traction	****			
Metropolitan Traction	*****		****	
Manhattan Elevated	116	116	116	116
Michigan Central				
Missouri Pacific	26%	2674	26 %	263
National Lead Co	42%	42%	42%	423
U. S. Cordage Co	917		2134	99
U. S Cordage, pfd	***			-
New Jersey Central	****			
New York Central	99%	991	994	993
N. Y. and New England.	13%	15%	15%	151
N. Y., C. and St. Louis	9			40%
Normern Pacine	316	324	836	37
Northern Pacific, pfd	14%	14%	1436	
North American			4479	143
Ont. and Western	16	16	15%	****
Pacific Mail		.0	10%	155
Phila. and Reading	18%	18%	18%	****
Pullman P. Car Co	1561	156%		
Richmond Terminal	1636	.16%	15536	
Phila. Traction.	10/6		16%	165

Baltimore Markets,

14% 10%

Tenn. Coal and fron....

Wheeling & L. E. pfd... Western Union Tel.....

Wisconsin Central ...

Wabash

Baltimore Markets.

Baltimore Markets.

Baltimore, August 11.—Flour steady, unchanged—receipts, 14,364 barrels, shipments, 257 barrels. Wheat easy—spot, 5615,a564; August, 5615,a564; September, 5655,a564; December, 605a, 608; steamer No. 2 red, 55a,354,—receipts, 63,815 bushels; shipments, 40,060 bushels; stock, 842,071 bushels; sales, 49,600 bushels; milling wheat by sample, 54a,57. Corn dail—spot, 60 asked; August, 60 asked—shipments, 31,362 bushels; stock, 144,765 bushels; sales, 2,000 bushels; southern white corn. 61a,62; do, yellow, 61a,62. Oats steady—No. 2 white western, 40a,43; No. 2 mixed western, 365,837—receipts, 13,440 bushels; stock, 82,847 bushels. Rye dull—No. 2, 46—receipts, 1,473 bushels; stock, 10,218 bushels. Hay active demand—good to, choice timothy, \$14,00a,815,00. Grain freights steadier, anchanged. Sugar, butter, eggs peake and Potomac Telephone Company to That permission be granted the Chesa-peake and Potomac Telephone Company to move pole in the rear of 315 13th street That, when sidewalks are laid under the good to choice timothy, \$1 freights stendier, unchanged, and cheese, firm, unchanged. and cost of same paid out of appropriation

Chicago Grain and Provision Markets and Potomac Telephone Company to make the necessary excavations for the purpose of laying a branch conduit between 12th and 13th streets to the cable pole to be erected in alley in square 291, and to build Reported by SPsby & Co., Bankers and Brokers. Oats-Aug. S.Ribs-Sept. . New York Cotton Low. Close 6.64 6.6 6.79 6.7 6.78 6.7 6.83 6.8 6.89 6.8 committee on military affairs favorably the House bill granting a right of way through

A Civil Service Appointment.

but Mr. Hale suggested that it was too important a matter to be dealt with so hastily, and the bill went over with the understanding that it would be called up on Monday. The committee made only one amendment to the House bill, and that

A Cadet Resigns.

Academy, has been accepted.

Owing Largely to the Long-Continued Drought.

The Features of the Market and the Variety Which is Offered to the Housekeeper.

Persons familiar with the Center market

and the luxuriant profusion of the good

things of life it usually presents on a Saturday morning at this time of year were struck today by the poor appearance of the vast structure, so far as its contents were corcerned, especially in the long central wing, which is given up to the vendors of vegetables, fruits and produce of that character. There was something else that was also noticeable, and this was the small number of wagons along the B street front and the other thoroughfares adjacent to the market, which usually occupy every inch of available space, and present to market goers an excellent opportunity for securing bargains in vegetables fresh from the farm. Of course, there was no lack of a supply necessary for the demands of customers, but instead of green and the supply necessary for the demands of customers, but instead of green and the supply necessary for the demands of customers, but instead of great plies of fresh and in-viting-looking vegetables there were only small quantities on the stands, and these were held at prices almost as high as those which obtain in the early spring for the fresh products from Florida, Georgia and the south, which come in to take the place of the winter canned goods. The reason for this state of affairs at the Center market is found in the six simple letters that compose the word drouth. The recent rains, which managed to save from utter destruction the corn crops in the contiguous states of Maryland and Virginia, were not sufficient to resuscitate the scorched out vegetation, resuscitate the scorched out vegetation, which, had the season been propitious, would have been ready for market at this time, and the consequence is that fresh things are scarce and prices are high. A stroll through the market this morning found good business being transacted in spite of these drawbacks, and retail prices, while fluctuating slightly, were found to be about as follows: Tomeston. spite of these drawbacks, and retail prices, while fluctuating slightly, were found to be about as follows: Tomatoes wery 75 cents a peck, lima beans, 20 cents a duart; corn, 18 cents a dozen; sweet potatoes, 50 cents a peck; Irish potatoes, 35 cents a peck, and cabbage, 10 and 12 cents apiece for not particularly desirable heads. Cymblings were remarkably plentiful and sold four for 5 cents, while egg plants and beets were a nickel apiece and a bunch, respectively. Onlons were 12 cents a quarter peck, and cucumbers, 20 cents a dozen. Fruit was very high for this season of the year.

Fair to middling peaches commanded 30 cents a quarter of a peck. Concord grapes 12 cents a pound, with the Delaware variety 3 cents higher, while medium-sized native watermelons brought from 25 to 35 cents each, and cantaloupes 10 and 15 cents apiece. Apples were high, at 35 cents a peck for varieties that loosed particularly colicky, pears, of which there were a good many Bartlett's in market, 75 cents a peck, and pineapples brought 15 and 20 cents each. There was a great deal of poultry displayed, but the dressed fowls looked thin and uninviting. Chickens were 18 and 20 cents a pound for the best, while ducks brought 16 cents. There were a few turkeys displayed, but no call for them. The fish market was brisk, and low prices prevalled, except for white perch, which were scarce and commanded 15 cents per pound. At one

except for white perch, which were scarce and commanded 15 cents per pound. At one fish stand a Chinaman was offered a fine bunch of butter fish, which look like small flounders and have a flavor something like that of a pompano, for 25 cents, but he refused to give more than 18, and satisfied himself with two pounds of sturgeon meat for 12½ cents each. Taylors and blue fish were 8 and 10 cents a pound, fresh mack-erel, 12½ cents; rock fish, 10 to 15; sea bass, 10 to 121/2; salmon trout, 10; halibut, 20 bunched trout, 10 cents a bunch, and weak fish, 10 cents a pound. The butter market was strong on its retail side. Philadelphia print commanded 40 and 45 cents for the best, while the excellent grades brought 30 and 35. Native cheese was 20 cents a pound and American sweitzer brought 25 cents per pound. There was market also, but no one had the hardihood to inquire its price. Eggs brought 18 and 20 cents a dozen, while selected ones com-manded 25 cents. Beef was plentiful, and the butchers did a good business. Prime roast was 18 and 20 cents; porterhouse steak, 20 and 25; tenderloin, 18 and 20, and veal, 10 and 25; tenderion, 18 and 20, and veal, 10 and 15, according to the cut. Mutton was 15 cents a pound and lamb 15 and 20. Corned beef was sold at any quantity from 8 to 12 cents a pound. There was but little fresh pork displayed, and 12½ cents a pound was the price asked, while linked fresh sausage brought 10 and 12 cents, and sausage meat, smoked sausage, bologna and similar lines of goods were 10 cents a pound. Ham was sold at 15 cents, while away around on the B street side of the market profuse quantities of the gladden-ing, soul-inspiring tripe were sold to all comers at the even price of 8 cents per

AN OLD TRICK.

These Parents Can Get Their Baby

on Demand. It was an old trick, but it worked just as well as if it had never been tried before in this or any other city. The baby in the case is now being cared for by the au-

thorities. On the up-river boat from Norfolk that reached here this morning there was a nicely dressed young couple and the wife had in her arms a pretty-little baby that was wrapped up in a shawl. They were apparently very fond of the young one and lavished all sorts of expressions of affection upon it. They were so fond of it, in fact, that when the boat tied up at her wharf and the young couple found that they had to go across the street a monent on an errand the mother did not like to leave the child upon one of the benches for fear some one might steal it

in her absence, and it was such a long way to carry a heavy child.

"Won't you please hold my baby for just a moment? Thanks, I thought you would. You are so kind. I'll be right back." This to an elderly colored woman who was standing by and who looked to be a very

good-natured woman.

This happened this morning. The young couple have not yet come back. They very often don't come back under circumstances like these. The kindly old lady held the like these. The kindly old lady held the baby for an hour or two and then she took it to police headquarters for further in-formation and directions. The youngster was taken from her weary arms, and this afternoon it was sent to St. Ann's Infant Asylum, where it will be kept until called for by its ford and arxious parents.

BANANA MEN RAIDED.

An Exciting Scene on the Avenue This Afternoon.

There was an exciting scene at Pennsylvania avenue and 7th street this afternoon, a few minutes before 3 o'clock, when the Italian banana, fruit and candy men were raided. The push-cart merchants started off in every direction, but the officers cap-tured six of them and took them to the station for obstructing the street. One may

Made Good.

James P. Hambleton, the young man who was arrested yesterday by Detective Horne, charged with passing a bogus check for \$30 on Cashier J. Martyn of the Adams Express

Company, was released this morning, as the prople interested in the case refused to prosecute him, and it is understood that the amount has been made good by the young man's friends. Grounds of Mrs. Tyree's Claim. It is understood that the grounds upon

of the parties, will be offered by the defen-An Undertaker Warned.

which Bettie L. Tyree, the actress, bases

her bill for divorce against Druggist Joseph

Tyrce are desertion and non-support since May, 1892. No defense, it is said by friends

Health Officer Woodward today had letters addressed to an undertaker and the Mr. Frederick A. Wannamaker of South authorities of a cemetery concerning the Carolina was today appointed to a cicrk- burlal of a body. A permit for one cemeship in the civil service commission. The palmetto state was entitled to an appointment, and Mr. Wannamaker was chosen because his rating on the list of eligibles was highest.

The try was given and the body was buried in another. Dr. Woodward notified the undertaker and the superintendent of the cemetery that a repetition of the offense would result in a Police Court trial.

Range of the Thermometer.

A Cadet Resigns.

The resignation of Cadet Edward W. Klein, fourth class, United States Military

Klein, fourth class, United States Military

8 a.m., 68; 2 p.m., 79; maximum, 89; minimum. 61.